

BIG CELEBRATION BY DIXIE AERIE

Eagles Have Good Things to Eat and Then Soar in Oratorical Flight.

MANY FINE SPEECHES MADE

Record of Order Reviewed and Objects Pointed Out—Two Hundred Present.

Dixie Aerie of Eagles celebrated its anniversary last night. About 200 members and guests were present, and the time they had will be carried in their memories for years to come as one of the pleasantest of events. Not only was there a lot of the best things to eat, but there were a lot of good things said by some of the orators of the order, and both the offerings were greatly appreciated by the whole party.

The arrangements, under the direction of Chairman Reddin, could not have been better. After the good things to eat had been disposed of, Chairman Reddin introduced Mr. P. T. Murphy, the toastmaster, in accepting the duties of that position, Mr. Murphy gracefully thanked the chairman for the honor, and said:

"My controlling idea has been the advancement of the aerie to the order, to help place it on the highest plane, and to make it great. We are now making history. Let us make it well. I believe the Fraternal Order of Eagles is one of the greatest orders in the world. We have made many mistakes, but we have endeavored to profit by our experience, and emblematic of the noble bird for which our order is named, our progress has been upward and onward, and elevating thoughts and noble sentiments control our feelings and our actions."

"Eagles need no apology for her existence. Her sons are ever her loyal defenders. Her principles are God-given and eternal. For this reason the order was born, and for this reason shall always live. Let it be such an honor to be an Eagle that all eyes will be turned to it. Let it be such a man who regard virtue, who believe in the maintenance of home and country, and the protection of wife, child and kindred, will enlist under our banner. Men who do not believe in these sentiments and have no conception of the higher duties of citizenship can have no part with us."

"This order is for men high-minded and clean-hearted. It should be the desire of each and every Eagle to make the name of Eagle so honorable that to be an Eagle means to be gentlemen in the best and truest sense of the word. Let our motto, 'Liberty, Truth, Justice and Equality,' be known throughout the earth. Let us not forget the true memory of the beautiful words of that motto—Liberty, ever to be prized and maintained; Truth, a virtue always to be observed in life and practice; Justice, impartial in its teachings and application, and Equality, gracious and brotherly in its observance of that eternal principle that all men are created equal and endowed by the Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

The toastmaster then presented Mr. George A. Hanson, a well-known young lawyer and member of the order, who spoke of the tenets of the organization and the good it does those who are within its membership. His remarks were full of humorous suggestions, and after referring to the motto of the order, he said: "I am seriously, he said that liberty means what Thaw was paying \$25,000 for, but that was not the liberty meant by the motto; truth, the thing that shouldn't always be told, which was not what was meant by the motto; justice, the thing that was not always kept, and equality, the thing that is most talked about and least seen."

Mr. Hanson's speech was heartily enjoyed and loudly applauded. He was followed by Mr. E. R. Fuller, a high official in the organization, who described how the order was organized in Spotsylvania some years ago by a party of good spirits, who were accustomed to meet on the seaside beneath an old boat. They started with a membership of six, which increased soon to more than could be sheltered by the boat, and then a hall was rented and the order became a factor in the world of secret societies. Mr. John Moore, member of the Board of Aldermen in Manchester, followed, and told of his experience in the order, and said: "I am sixty years old," he said, "and unmarried, but in my experience in the fight for a wife, I have twenty-three 'sisters.' That means a lot for me, and my mind is now made up to remain single."

Other speakers were Messrs. John Hiley, William Reinheimer, P. C. Martin, Sam Stern and Peter Belmont. Mr. Joseph Belcher, of Manchester, sang sweet songs.

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GIVE the Bride Sterling Silver

that is individually distinctive. The best goods from the best makers are here—and with quality in combined style and service.

Some suggestions—Sterling Silver Dinner Spoons, Pickle Forks, Butter Knives, Olive Spoons, \$1.00 each, and upwards. Sterling Silver Teaspoons, half dozen, \$4.00.

We have a still wider variety, from the simplest to the most elaborate, and the prices are decidedly reasonable.

We are showing a novel collection of appropriate gifts in Gold and Silver Novelties for Easter. Bracelets, Necklaces, Enameled and Diamond Brooches, Silver Card Purses, Combs.

Schwarzschild Bros., Jewelers... Cor. Broad and Second Sts.

SEEK NEGRO FOR CASTARDLY CRIME

(Continued from First Page.)

If there is any possibility of such a thing. The railway stations out of the city have been notified, and nothing is being left undone to arrest the man.

When seen last night Mr. Higgins regret that he did not have his pistol or club with him at the time of the attempted arrest was great. He did not then know the nature of the crime, suspecting that the negro merely had made a nuisance of himself. In going from the Picot residence to that of Mr. Jackson, he had to pass his own house, where the pistol lay on the sidewalk. It would have been but a moment's delay in getting it. Mr. Higgins bears a big knife on the side of his face from the blows the negro handed him.

Later in the evening Officers Folks and Matt arrested two negroes as suspects, but when they were taken to Mr. Higgins for identification that gentleman declared that neither of them answered the description and they were released.

Up to a late hour the man had not been caught, but the police will not let up in their search.

The two attempted crimes were committed between 10 and 11 o'clock in the morning. All the little children in the two parties were miles too young to go to school, and were out playing around in the bright sunshine of the beautiful spring day.

While there may not be a lynching here when the man is caught, there are therefore chances of his being able to attend church on Sunday.

Will Get Money From January 1

(Continued from First Page.)

East End for white schools, and one lot in the East End for colored schools. It is divided into each lot, each lot full city block or square of land. The payment of the purchase price is to be met from the sale of bonds intended to apply to the newly annexed territory.

Friction Shows At Final Meeting

The friction recently developed between the High School and the district school teachers during the movement to secure an increase of salary manifested itself again yesterday at a meeting of the Teachers Co-operative Association at the school.

The business of the meeting proceeded smoothly enough until Mrs. Albert, one of the best-known of the district school teachers offered a resolution extending the thanks to the association to the superintendent, the assistant superintendent, the Board of School Trustees, the members of both branches of the Council, the Richmond Education Association, the press, the patrons and all who had aided the teachers in their struggle for better remuneration.

Unexpectedly to the patrons of the resolution and to those sharing her views as to the propriety of the situation, opposition promptly developed. One of the lady teachers of the High School first took the floor to express her opposition. She contended that those who had aided the teachers had but done their duty, which did not require thanks in the shape of a vote. She argued this view vigorously.

One of the male teachers offered a substitute, proposing to extend the thanks only to the press. After considerable discussion this substitute was voted down by a small plurality, whereupon the question was ordered to the original resolution, and it was adopted by a vote of 18 to 12.

Excepting this matter, the meeting was harmonious, and was in the nature of a justification over the successful salary-increase fight. Mr. J. H. Bingham, president, made a felicitous address, discussing what the success of this movement meant to the teachers in various ways.

A resolution was adopted providing for the presentation by the Teachers' Association of a handsome gavel to the Council, the gavel to be suitably inscribed and expressing the appreciation by the teachers of the action of that body in providing a salary increase. Miss Mary B. Webb, Miss Nellie W. Bingham and Mr. Asa W. Crenshaw were constituted a committee to carry out the plan.

Miss Winston read a plea in paper in advocacy of professional reading in the public schools.

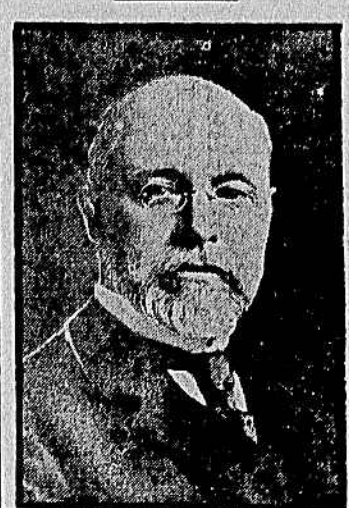
Mr. W. M. Adams, of the High School faculty, spoke of the future work of the association, pointing out its opportunities for usefulness and achievement.

HOPKINS' ALUMNI ANNUAL MEETING

Second Meeting of Graduates to Be Held Week from To-Night.

DR. IRA REMSEN EXPECTED

Many Virginians Claim Baltimore University as Their Alma Mater.



DR. IRA REMSEN, President of Johns Hopkins University.

The annual meeting of the Johns Hopkins University Alumni Association of Virginia will be held in Richmond on Friday night, March 22nd. This is the second meeting of this association, the first having been just a year ago. On that occasion quite a number of old Hopkins men gathered at the festival board to renew their love for alma mater. As guests there were President Ira Remsen, of Johns Hopkins, who delivered an inspiring address, also Professor Richard T. Ely, of Wisconsin University, and Professor Ellerson, of Rutgers College. At the close of the meeting an alumni association for the State of Virginia was formed, a constitution was adopted, and officers were elected. Dr. W. L. Foushee, of Richmond, was made president; J. H. Laune, of Lexington, vice-president; Dr. Hill Carter, of Ashland, secretary-treasurer; and these three, with Dr. Hall, of Williamsburg, and Professor A. H. Tuttle, of Charlottesville, were made the board of directors.

Dr. Remsen Coming.

All these are expected to be present at this year's meeting, and many more of the faithful sons of "Johnny Hopkins." The pleasant experiences of the last meeting will be re-created. President Remsen, a member of the faculty, expects also to be present and bring messages direct from the institution that has stood so high a standard in university education.

There are fifty old Hopkins students now in the homes of Professors Gaines, Harris, Bingham and Foushee, in Richmond College; there are W. S. Drewry, in insurance; W. McCruder, head of the State Chemical Department; Howard Estell, in railroad work; and M. E. Rucker, head of Manchester Board of Health.

In close proximity to Richmond are Professors Carter, Bowen, Estes and Jones, of Randolph-Macon; Professors McIlwaine, Winston and Morrison, of Hampden-Sydney; Professors Hall and Montgomery, of Williamsburg; and Dr. J. E. Chinn, M. D., M. A., Agelast, J. C. Stevens, J. M. Unsicker and others.

Most of the so will be on hand, with a considerable sprinkling from the States of Maryland, Delaware, Pennsylvania, Delaware, where many of the faculty are Hopkins men, and President E. A. Alderman, of the State, and many others.

Richmond is the center of the State in the distribution of Hopkins graduates, therefore easier to reach for all than any other part of the State. The meeting promises to be a great success.

GETS TWENTY YEARS.

Pay Penalty for Kidnapping and Murdering Kenneth Beasley.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., March 21.—Joshua Harrison, who last night was convicted of the kidnapping and murder of Kenneth Beasley, a son of State Senator Beasley, two years ago, was today sentenced to twenty years imprisonment, after a motion in arrest of justice had been denied. Notice of appeal is given, and sixty days were allowed in which to bring the case before the Supreme Court. Harrison was admitted to bail in \$2,000.

Minor Played Pool.

The proprietor of the Morro pool-room was fined in the Police Court yesterday on the charge of allowing the patronage of a felon to play pool in the place, contrary to the ordinance. Barfoot said he did use a cue, but did not play a game, and that he went into the place on a matter of business.

Mr. Justice Very Ill.

Mr. Hugh H. Justice, son of Mr. R. A. Justice, and nephew of Mr. Alfred H. McDowell, of this city, is dangerously ill at his father's home in Chesapeake. He is suffering from pneumonia, developed after an operation for appendicitis. He had sufficiently recovered from the operation to return to his home when the dangerous illness developed.

At Beth Ahabah.

Rabbi Calich, who has been absent on an extensive trip West, returned to the city yesterday evening. Dr. Calich expects to be in his pulpit as usual this evening at 8 o'clock at Beth Ahabah Synagogue.

MUNYON'S SUCCESS

In Curing Old, Chronic Cases of RHEUMATISM

Patients Given Up as Incurable

Restored to Health in a Few Hours by the Use of His 3X Rheumatism Remedy

I want every rheumatic to throw away all medicines, all liniments, all plasters, and try MUNYON'S 3X RHEUMATISM CURE. No matter what your doctor may say, no matter what your druggist may say, no matter what your friends may say, no matter how bigoted or prejudiced you may be against all advertised remedies, go at once to your druggist and get a bottle of the 3X RHEUMATISM CURE. Priced at \$1.00. (He will get it for you if he has none in stock.) There are 100 doses in a bottle, and as one lady says: "Every tablet is worth more than a diamond of the same size." The 3X does will take away all aches and pains, and a cure generally effected before one bottle is used.

Remember, this remedy contains no salicylic acid, no opium, cocaine, morphine, or other harmful drugs. It is put up under the guarantee of the Pure Food & Drug Act, but my guarantee I consider the best. Try the remedy, and if you are not satisfied, bring the empty bottle to me and I will refund your money.

No room for doubting, no room for skepticism, no excuse whatever why you should not get well of Rheumatism. If you have any other ailment remember that we put up 57 different remedies for 57 ailments. We have no "cure-alls." Our Cold Cure cures colds. Our Cough Cure is worth more than all the emulsions, all the oils, all the balsams, and all the other "cure-alls" combined. You can prove this statement by the investment of 25 cents.

My Kidney Cure, I believe, has saved more lives and cured more chronic cases of bladder and kidney ailments than any known remedy. Money back whenever it fails.

My Dyspepsia and Stomach Remedy enables one to eat a good, square meal and digest it.

My Constipation Ointment gives a natural movement in from two to three minutes, and is rapidly taking the place of all cathartics and weakening nostrums.

My Headache Cure stops all headaches in from 10 to 20 minutes, and is a good heart and stomach tonic.

All persons suffering with Piles I most earnestly ask to try my Pile Ointment. It stops all itching, smarting, and burning. Money back if it fails to cure, and cure quickly.

Munyon's Vitalizer gives vigor and strength to old men and raises their powers.

MUNYON.

LUNCHEON UNDER WATERS OF SOUND

BRIDGEPORT, CONN., March 21.—Mrs. John M. Thurston, wife of former United States Senator Thurston, of Nebraska, and Mrs. J. C. Lake, wife of the assistant manager of the Lake Submarine Torpedo Boat Company, and said to be the first woman ever to make a trip in a submarine boat, were among a party of prominent persons that made a trip on a submarine today.

The boat was submerged for two hours in Long Island Sound, just outside the Bridgeport harbor, during which time luncheon was served and an hour devoted to impromptu speech-making.

Besides these two ladies, the party included Admiral Endicott, United States Navy (retired); Lieutenant Radler De Aquina, naval attaché, Brazilian Legation, Washington; Cortlandt F. Bishop, president, and Augustus Post, secretary, Aero Club of America, New York, and former Senator J. M. Thurston, of Nebraska.

DR. MITCHELL SPEAKS.

Is Enthusiastically Received by Teachers of North Carolina.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

RALPH, N. C., March 21.—In an address before the convention of the county public school teachers here tonight, Dr. C. S. Mitchell, of Richmond College, declared that the example of North Carolina is setting the other States of the Union in educational progress is a source of great inspiration, and one of the most striking features and evidence of this progress was the marvelous growth of the rural school libraries, as shown in the reports of the State Superintendent, Mr. Y. Joyner. Dr. Mitchell was enthusiastically received by the teachers, and his address on the "Opportunities of the Teacher" was accorded high praise.

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HEXAMER LAUDS STURDY GERMAN

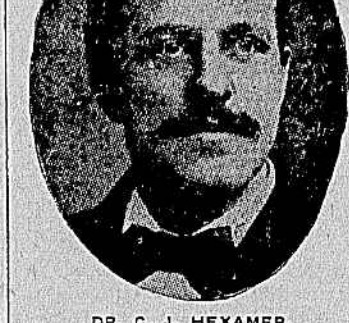
Prominent German-American Reviews Their Part in American History.

UNRESTRICTED IMMIGRATION

The German-American Alliance Stands for This and for Broadest Liberty.

Dr. C. J. Hexamer, president of the National German-American Alliance, and one of the most distinguished German-American citizens of Philadelphia, made an eloquent address last night at Sauer Hall to a large and representative audience of German citizens of Richmond. The speaker was expected to discuss "Immigration and Civil Government," but admitted that he had not been informed of this, and had desired to outline the aims and progress of the alliance of which he is the head.

Dr. Hexamer is of commanding presence and of brilliant intellectual powers, and as a platform speaker, is graceful, forceful and at times eloquent. His address in English last night was brief, consuming less than half an hour, but he followed the with an address in German, in which he aroused the enthusiasm of his audience to a high degree. His address



DR. C. J. HEXAMER.

in English was in the main a eulogy of the Germans in America and their aims and history, and of the republic, and even before the settlement of this country, pointing out with unqualified pride the splendid and patriotic contributions of the German in the crises that have confronted the American people. The secretary of the National Alliance, followed Dr. Hexamer, who, speaking for fifteen or twenty minutes in his native tongue, discussed the status and work of the organization.

Work of Germans.

Dr. Hexamer was gracefully introduced by Mr. Carl Richmond, who presided during the evening. The distinguished orator, who is a native of the German Empire, pointed out the composition of this country to a flower garden with every variety of blossom thriving therein. He pointed out that although America is a republic, it is in the main an Anglo-Saxon country, as a matter of fact about thirty per cent. of the population of the German origin, about twenty-seven of Irish extraction, and only about eleven per cent. of English stock, even including the Welsh. He could not see how this could make it an Anglo-Saxon country, save that English was the prevalent language.

To his fellow German-Americans of Richmond, Dr. Hexamer extended the greetings of half a million members of the German-American Alliance, and declared, he declared, that for unrestricted immigration, save only that the aged, the infirm and the insane, and such persons should be excluded. "When the entire country was crying out for labor, in many places the crops were rotting in the fields for lack of men to harvest and store them, why should we desire to restrict immigration?" he asked.

The speaker declared that immigration from all nations should be welcomed, and that the German people, with their characteristic quality to our people, and among these he commended especially the Irishman and the German.

He then reviewed the history of the hemisphere, showing in passing the struggles and part played by Germans. The Germans had cause to be proud of their progenitors. They had crushed the Roman Empire, they had discovered America centuries before Columbus. They had given to the world the rich heritage of German philosophy, and the great poets and prose writers, among whom he named Schiller, Goethe, Lessing and others.

Little in School Histories.

The first real settlement by Germans in this country was in 1833, and the settlers brought with them German grit and energy and their trades, but above all this the spirit of liberty. While the colonists in New England were burning women as witches, the German colonists in Pennsylvania were protesting against the institution of African slavery. Had this protest been heeded some of the darkest chapters in American history would have been omitted.

Passing on, the speaker attributed to the German many valuable services to the nation, and in the Revolutionary period came it was the German who saw the necessity of cutting the Gordian knot and fighting for liberty. He deprecated the fact that school histories contained little record of the German part in the struggle for independence, "save that of the poor Hessians, who were unwillingly fighting for a mas-

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